



Key Facts – What you need to know	Key Vocabulary		Pictures and Diagrams
<p>Show increasing knowledge and understanding of the past by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using specialist dates and terms, and by placing topics studied into different periods, specifically Egyptian. Making some links across periods. Identifying where some periods fit into a chronological framework. <p>Be able to describe some of the main events, people and periods by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding how and why the River Nile was important to the Ancient Egyptians. Understand some methods of historical enquiry. Use sources to devise valid questions about the lifestyles and beliefs of the Ancient Egyptians. Use sources as a basis for research about the lives of the Ancient Egyptians. Understand some of the different ways in which the past can be represented including artist's pictures, tomb paintings and written sources. 	Civilisation	An organised group of humans with their own culture.	  <div style="background-color: yellow; padding: 5px;"> <p>Area near the River Nile that flooded was known as the Black Land. Areas further away were known as the Red Land. They relied on the Nile's flood to grow crops and farm.</p> </div>
	Hieroglyphics	A writing system where pictures were used to represent objects, actions, sounds and ideas.	
	Irrigation	Using the Nile, Egyptians would use annual flooding to channel water to dry areas to help crops grow.	
	Fertile	Able to produce crops.	
	Pharaoh	An Ancient Egyptian king or queen.	
	Sarcophagus	A stone coffin adorned with a sculpture or inscription containing a mummy.	
	Mummy	A body prepared for burial according to ancient Egyptian practice.	
	Pyramids	Tombs created for pharaohs, mostly built west of the River Nile.	
	Tomb	A chamber or vault to protect the dead, the most elaborate being built in pyramids or undergrounds.	
	Obelisks	Pointed stone pillars to commemorate achievements of kings, queens and wealthy Egyptians.	



Timeline									
6000 B.C.	5000 B.C.	4500 B.C.	3500 B.C.	3000 B.C.	2500 B.C.	1500 B.C.	1325 B.C.	332 B.C.	30 B.C.
People settle near the River Nile	Farmed wheat, barley and cattle	Use of sails for the first time	First use of hieroglyphics	Buildings of mud bricks	Sphinx and Giza pyramids	Valley of the Kings tombs built	Pharaoh Tutankhamun buried	Alexander the Great rules	Death of Cleopatra