

What will we be learning?

- Locate on a map the four countries of the United Kingdom.
- Identify the four capital cities and surrounding seas of the United Kingdom.
- Explain the differences between human and physical features.
- Describe the human and physical features of one of the UK's capital cities.
- Use a range of maps and globes (including picture maps) at different scales.

Key vocabulary

- **Human features:** something that is built by humans and would not have existed in nature e.g. houses, factories, farms, harbours, cities.
- **Physical features:** something that has happened naturally e.g. forests, cliffs, the
- **Bigger:** something big takes up lots of space. Something bigger takes up more space.
- **Smaller:** something small is little. Something smaller is even littler.
- **Near:** something near is a short way away. It is the opposite of far.
- **Far:** something far is a long way away. It is the opposite of near.
- **Landmark:** something (such as a building, large tree or statue) that is easy to see and can guide people.
- **Scale:** the size of an object compared with the object's smaller representation on a map.
- **Aerial photo:** photos taken from above by a camera mounted on an aircraft, balloon, kite or something similar.



Find and list the four countries of the United Kingdom:



Which of these is NOT a capital city in the UK?	
London	
Paris	
Edinburgh	

The capital city of Wales is...	
London	
Belfast	
Cardiff	

Which of these does NOT surround the UK?	
Red Sea	
North Sea	
English Channel	

The capital city of England is...	
London	
Belfast	
Cardiff	